

# Virtual Energy Assessments



A4LE ASSOCIATION DAYS

# Today's Presenter

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# Agenda

- ▶ Introduction
- ▶ Process
- ▶ Measures
- ▶ Traditional Energy Audit Pros and Cons
- ▶ Virtual Energy Assessment Pros and Cons
- ▶ Case Study 1
- ▶ Case Study 2
- ▶ Summary

# What Are Virtual Energy Assessments?

- ▶ In-depth analysis of existing buildings
- ▶ Energy modeling
- ▶ Lower energy costs
- ▶ Evaluate facility improvements
- ▶ Duke Energy incentive offering



# What is Offered with a Virtual Assessment?



Energy consulting services and whole-building energy analysis



Implementation costs estimates



Custom savings and incentive calculations



Professional, unbiased analysts



Assistance with the Smart Saver Incentive Application

**Benefit 1**

Free preliminary benchmark analysis to verify savings opportunities



**Benefit 2**

Streamlined audit process; building data collected remotely



**Benefit 4**

Real-time measure selections during results meeting



**Benefit 6**

Understand the measures that most impact your bottom line



**Benefit 3**

Quick turnaround time



**Benefit 5**

Evaluate implementation costs, savings and incentives



**Benefit 7**

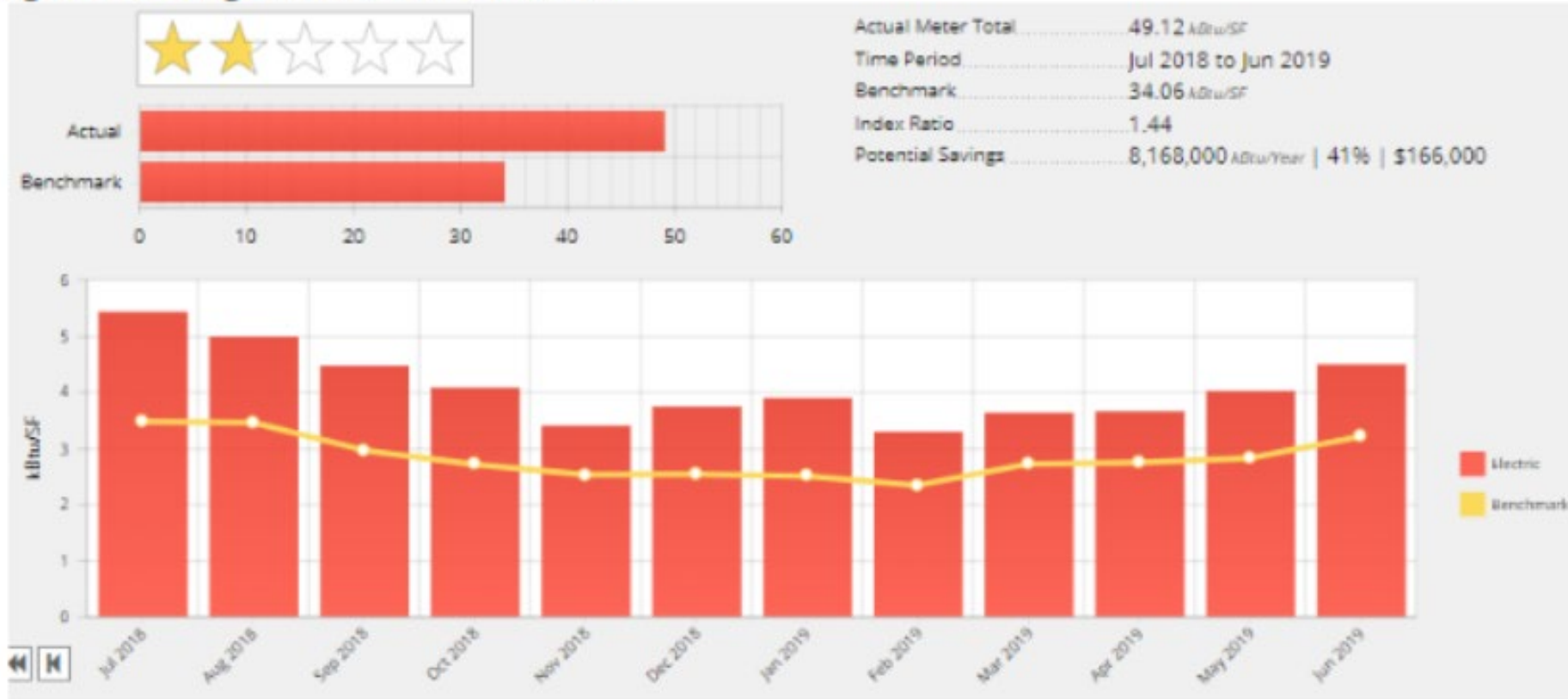
Assistance with all Duke Energy incentive paperwork



# Benchmark Analysis

Actual usage higher than benchmark: Good opportunity for energy savings

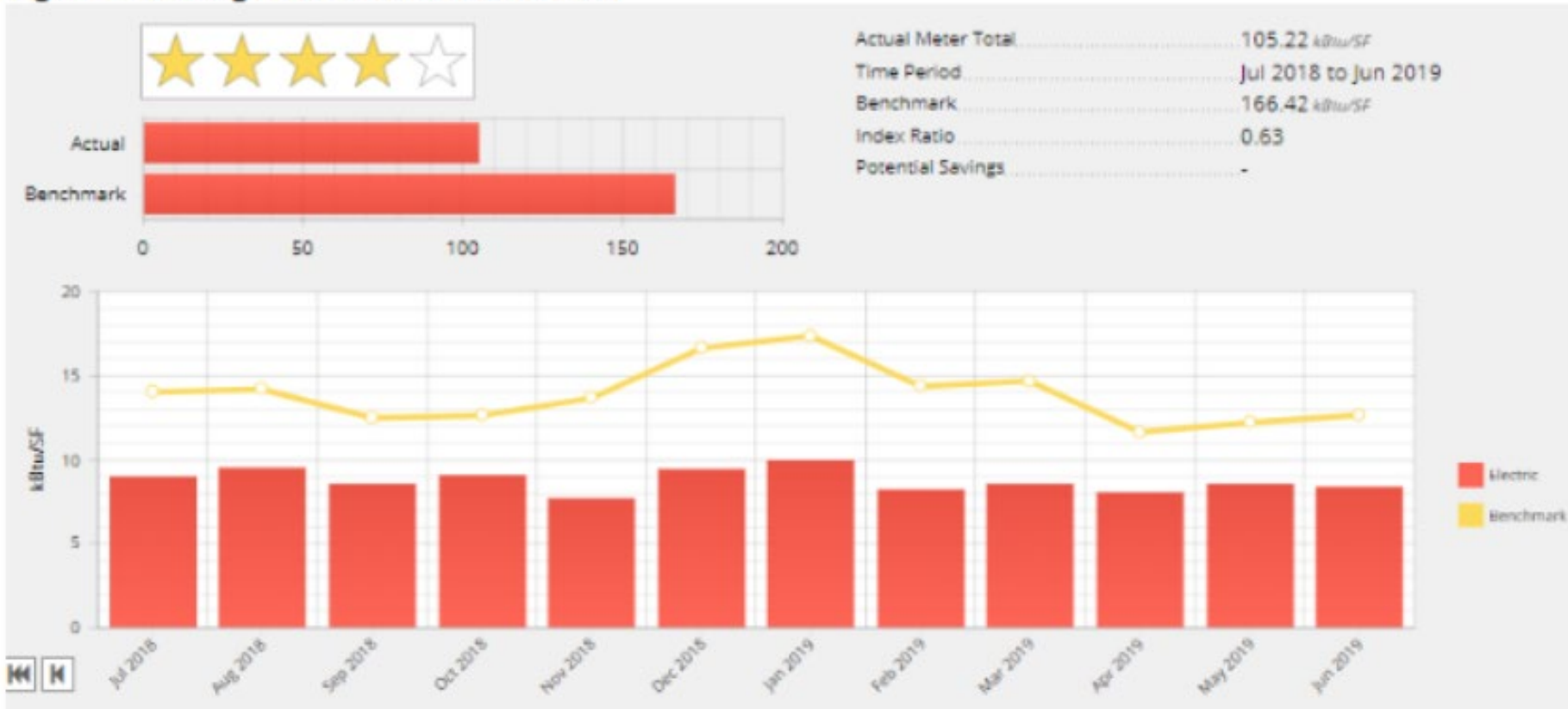
Figure 1 - Building Performance vs. Benchmark



# Benchmark Analysis

Actual usage lower than benchmark: Minimal opportunity for energy savings

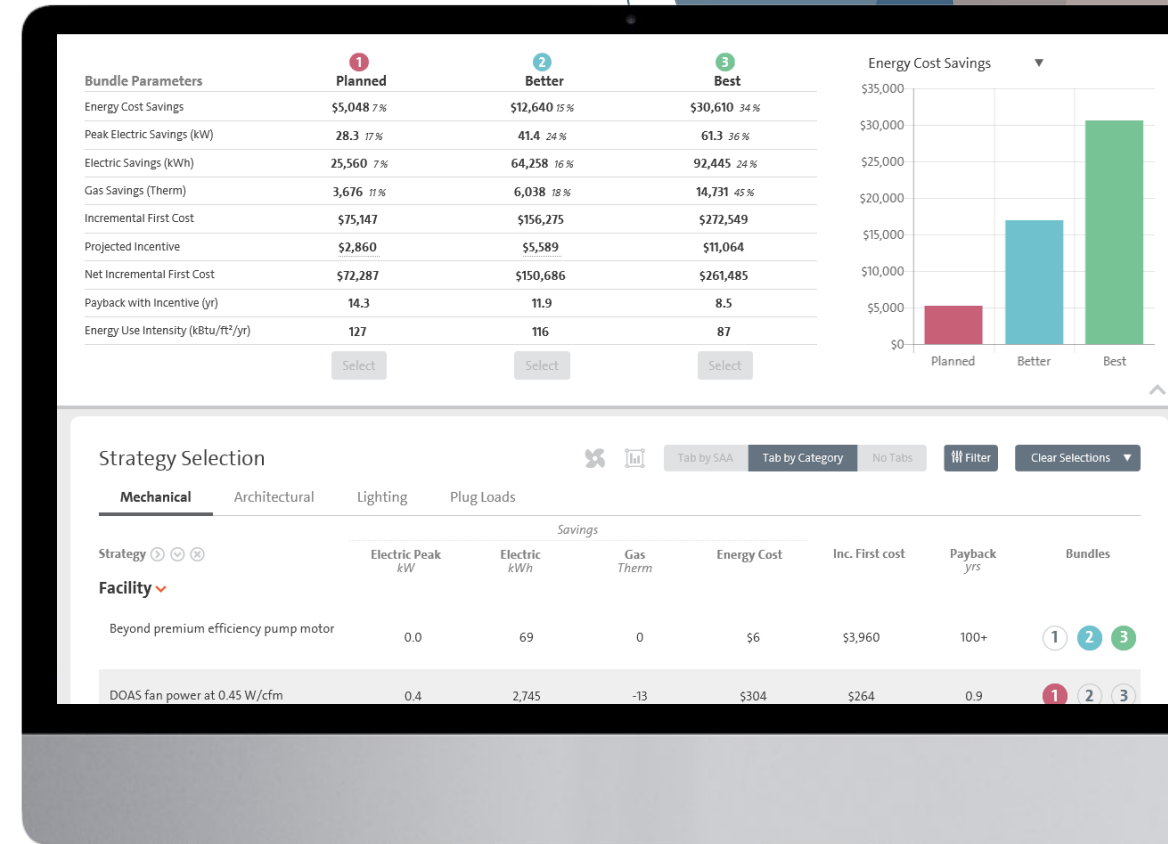
Figure 1 - Building Performance vs. Benchmark

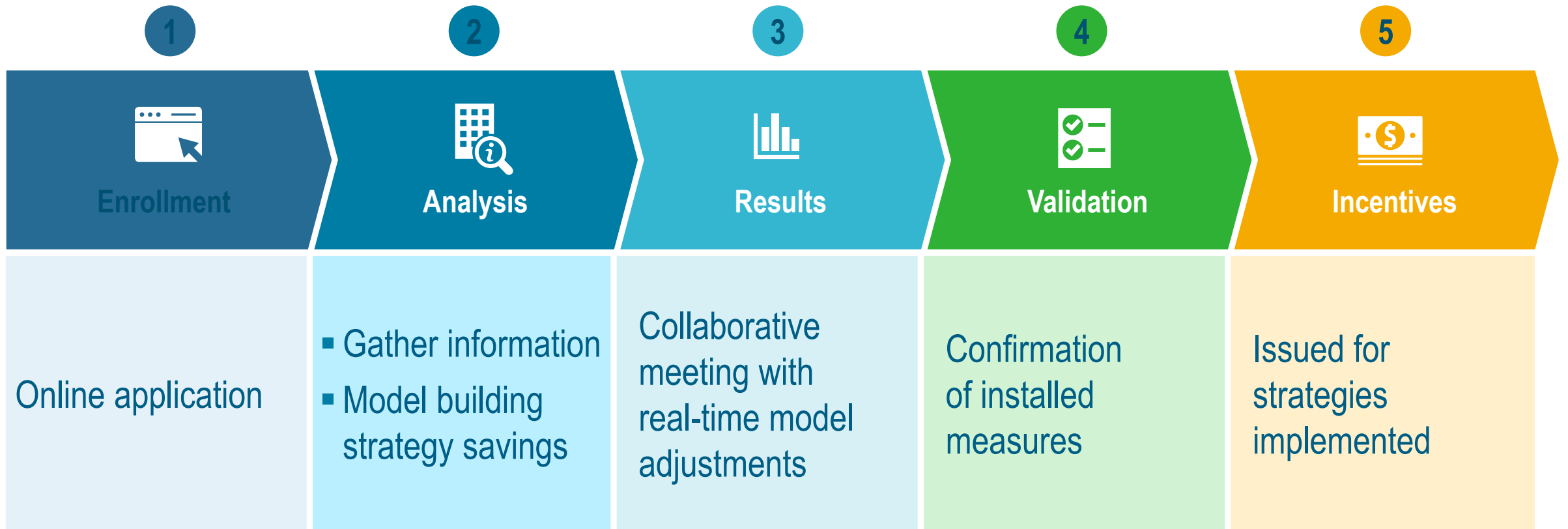




# Measures That Can Be Assessed

- ▶ Lighting upgrades
- ▶ Lighting controls
- ▶ HVAC efficiency improvements
- ▶ HVAC replacements
- ▶ Building controls
  - ▶ DDC system upgrades
  - ▶ Fan, pump, supply air, chilled water and hot water resets
  - ▶ Night temperature setbacks
  - ▶ Increased thermostat control
  - ▶ Outside air reductions
- ▶ Building envelope improvements
- ▶ And more!





# Traditional Energy Audit



## Pros

- ▶ In person interaction with facility engineers and staff. Find out the “real” issues of the building and the systems
- ▶ Ability to have eyes on the equipment
- ▶ Ability to take photos/videos, deploy data loggers, or take measurements for later use



## Drawbacks

- ▶ Coordination of key facility team members takes time away from core job responsibilities
- ▶ Often requires an escort to provide access to secured areas
- ▶ Travel time for auditor to/from facility; could require air travel
- ▶ Safety concerns including working on or around ladders, loud noises, hazardous materials, unfavorable weather, COVID-19

# Case Study #1 - Overview

## Community College in Raleigh, North Carolina

- ▶ Planned renovation of mechanical and lighting systems
- ▶ 2 buildings; 118,000 total square feet; climate zone 4A
- ▶ Offices, library, and classrooms
- ▶ Typical operating schedule
- ▶ Existing building systems
  - ▶ HVAC: 4-pipe fan coil units served by gas-fired boiler and air-cooled chiller
  - ▶ Lighting: Fluorescent tubes, CFLs and incandescent canister lights

# Case Study #1 - Overview

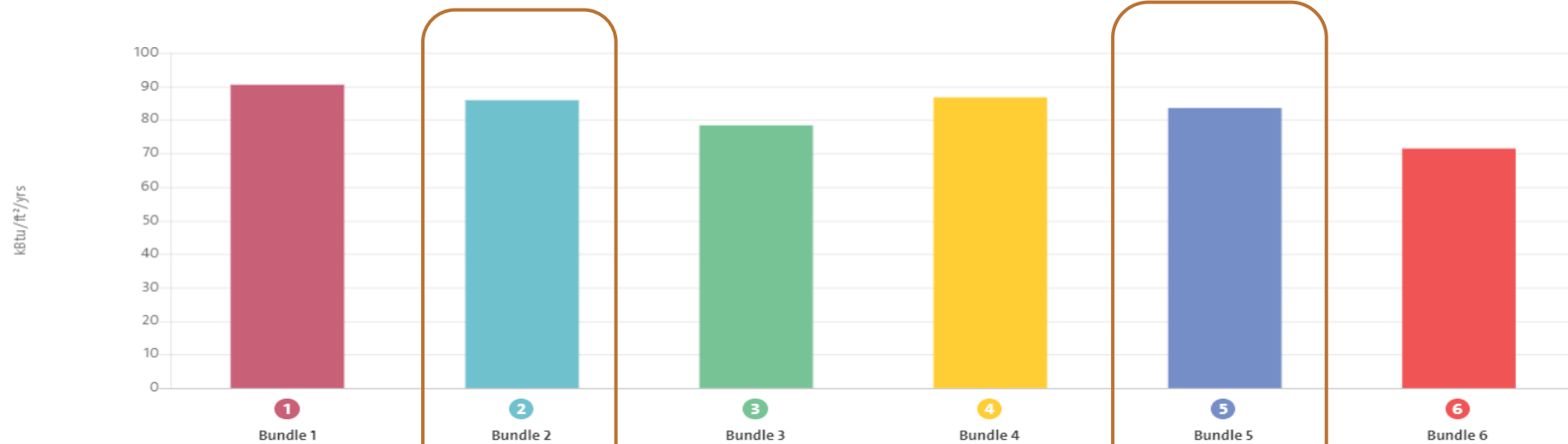
## Community College in Raleigh, North Carolina

- ▶ Ongoing maintenance issues with the air-cooled chillers
- ▶ Fan coil units improperly sized or zoned causing comfort complaints
- ▶ Multiple fluorescent tube light fixtures to maintain

# Case Study #1 - Design Options

- ▶ Initially planned on replacing chillers in kind
- ▶ Customer wanted to explore decentralizing the cooling system and simplifying HVAC maintenance
- ▶ Design team wanted a quick way to explore HVAC alternates
  
- ▶ 6 energy saving strategy bundles were developed
  - ▶ 3 scenarios replacing the air-cooled chiller in kind
  - ▶ 3 scenarios replacing the air-cooled chiller with a DX VAV system

# Case Study #1 - Design Options

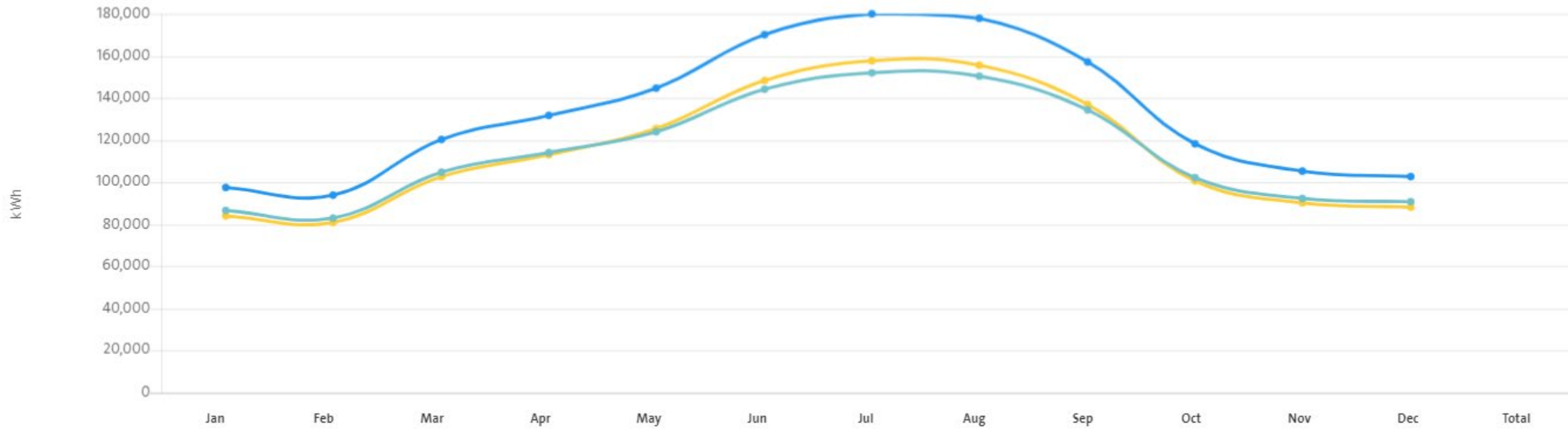


	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3	Bundle 4	Bundle 5	Bundle 6
Energy Use Intensity (kBTU/ft²/yr)	90.4	85.9	78.4	86.7	83.5	71.5
Energy Cost Savings	\$11,912 20 %	\$14,267 23 %	\$17,948 30 %	\$15,065 25 %	\$17,044 28 %	\$22,319 37 %
Peak Electric Savings (kW)	60.9 25 %	75.1 30 %	94.6 38 %	70.1 28 %	81.9 33 %	121.9 49 %
Electric Savings (kWh)	141,019 21 %	166,757 24 %	205,262 30 %	183,191 27 %	206,784 30 %	258,060 38 %
Gas Savings (Therm)	-224 -9 %	-48 -2 %	411 17 %	-789 -32 %	-848 -35 %	219 9 %
Incremental First Cost	\$126,447	\$112,614	\$278,944	\$137,321	\$232,799	\$303,836
Simple Payback (yr)	10.6	7.9	15.5	9.1	13.7	13.6
Projected Incentive	\$23,000	\$27,000	\$34,000	\$28,000	\$32,000	\$43,000

Air-cooled Chiller Options

DX VAV Options

# Case Study #1 - Design Options



	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
<b>E</b> Existing, Total (kWh)	97,598	94,002	120,099	131,829	144,753	169,962	179,878	177,792	157,020	118,285	105,560	102,617	1,599,395
<b>2</b> Bundle 2, Total (kWh)	86,424	82,970	104,774	113,886	124,036	144,055	152,192	150,608	134,305	102,370	92,271	90,599	1,378,490
<b>4</b> Bundle 4, Total (kWh)	83,783	80,815	102,607	113,123	125,530	148,557	157,648	155,446	136,734	100,557	90,181	88,140	1,383,121



# Case Study #1 - Program Impact

## Benefits of Virtual Energy Analysis to Planned Renovation

- ▶ Free service utilizing experienced energy modelers
- ▶ Design team had less time commitment analyzing alternate systems
- ▶ Helped identify best energy efficiency options for HVAC system scenarios
- ▶ Predicted energy savings results are based on real historical utility consumption and actual building operation
- ▶ Higher utility incentives available for whole-building model

# Case Study #2 - Overview

## Junior High School in Indiana

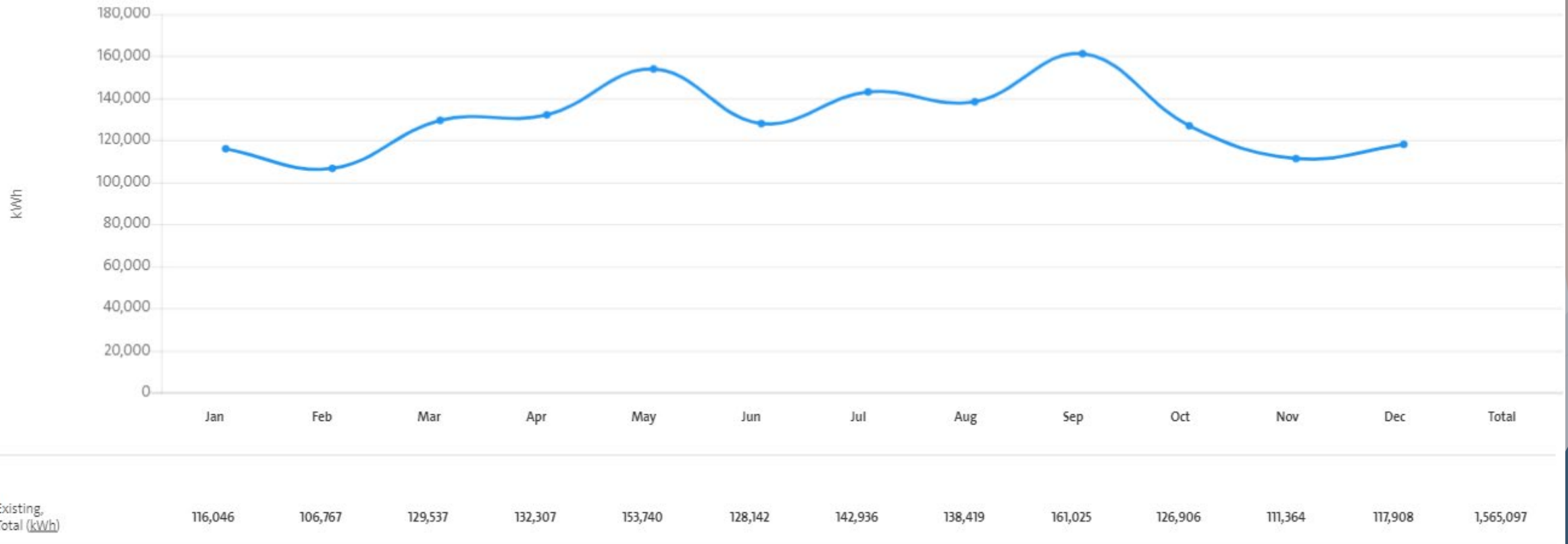
- ▶ 1 building, ~183,000 ft<sup>2</sup>; Climate zone 5A
- ▶ Typical school usage with partial summer occupancy
- ▶ Annual energy cost: \$180,000-190,000
- ▶ Existing system type – VAV with water cooled chiller and gas boilers, hot water reheat

# Case Study #2 - Overview

## Junior High School in Indiana

- ▶ School has a facility manager and an energy manager
- ▶ They wanted to become energy-efficient but did not have a plan
- ▶ School district budget cycles are long and larger projects need budget preapproval from the school board
- ▶ HVAC controls were maintained by the contractor and set points weren't monitored
- ▶ Larger projects can be completed only during summer so as to cause minimum disruption to school activities

# Case Study #2 - Monthly Consumption



E

Existing,  
Total (kWh)

# Case Study #2 - EUI by End Use



Total (kBtu/ft²/yr)	56.1
Interior Equipment (kBtu/ft²/yr)	6.9
Exterior Lighting (kBtu/ft²/yr)	0.7
Interior Lighting (kBtu/ft²/yr)	10.4
Pumps (kBtu/ft²/yr)	0.8
Fans (kBtu/ft²/yr)	4.7
Heat Rejection (kBtu/ft²/yr)	1.5
Cooling (kBtu/ft²/yr)	4.0
Heating (kBtu/ft²/yr)	27.1

# Case Study #2 - Design Options

- ▶ 3 bundles with over 20 different strategies were customized to the school district's needs

Savings vs Existing	1 Summer '21	2 Summer '22	3 Summer '23
Energy Cost Savings	\$3,328 2 %	\$24,779 13 %	\$26,629 14 %
Peak Electric Savings (kW)	4.1 1 %	71.2 17 %	72.3 17 %
Electric Savings (kWh)	34,565 2 %	286,475 18 %	305,734 20 %
Gas Savings (Therm)	-119 0 %	-5,195 -11 %	-5,268 -11 %
Incremental Cost	\$177,251	\$78,883	\$82,910
Projected Incentive	\$3,000	\$29,000	\$31,000
Energy Use Intensity (kBtu/ft <sup>2</sup> /yr)	55.6	53.6	53.3

# Case Study #2 - Design Option

VFD on building heating water pump	---	0.0	6,600	-69	\$604	0.1	<u>\$2,014</u>	30.0 %	3.3	<span>1</span> <span>2</span> <span>3</span>
VFD on building chilled water pump	---	0.5	12,462	0	\$1,227	0.2	<u>\$2,014</u>	60.9 %	1.6	<span>1</span> <span>2</span> <span>3</span>
10% improved chiller efficiency	---	15.7	18,643	0	\$1,836	0.3	<u>\$397,951</u>	0.5 %	100+	<span>1</span> <span>2</span> <span>3</span>
20% improved chiller efficiency	---	27.2	32,367	0	\$3,187	0.6	<u>\$460,746</u>	0.7 %	100+	<span>1</span> <span>2</span> <span>3</span>
30% improved chiller efficiency	---	38.8	46,095	0	\$4,540	0.9	<u>\$522,512</u>	0.9 %	100+	<span>1</span> <span>2</span> <span>3</span>
VFD on chiller compressor	---	16.4	70,742	0	\$6,967	1.3	<u>\$27,353</u>	25.5 %	3.9	<span>1</span> <span>2</span> <span>3</span>
Frictionless chiller	---	12.6	73,881	0	\$7,276	1.4	<u>\$73,501</u>	9.9 %	10.1	<span>1</span> <span>2</span> <span>3</span>
VFD on cooling tower fan	---	1.0	5,768	0	\$566	0.1	<u>\$2,014</u>	28.1 %	3.6	<span>1</span> <span>2</span> <span>3</span>

# Case Study #2 - Energy Savings Over the Years

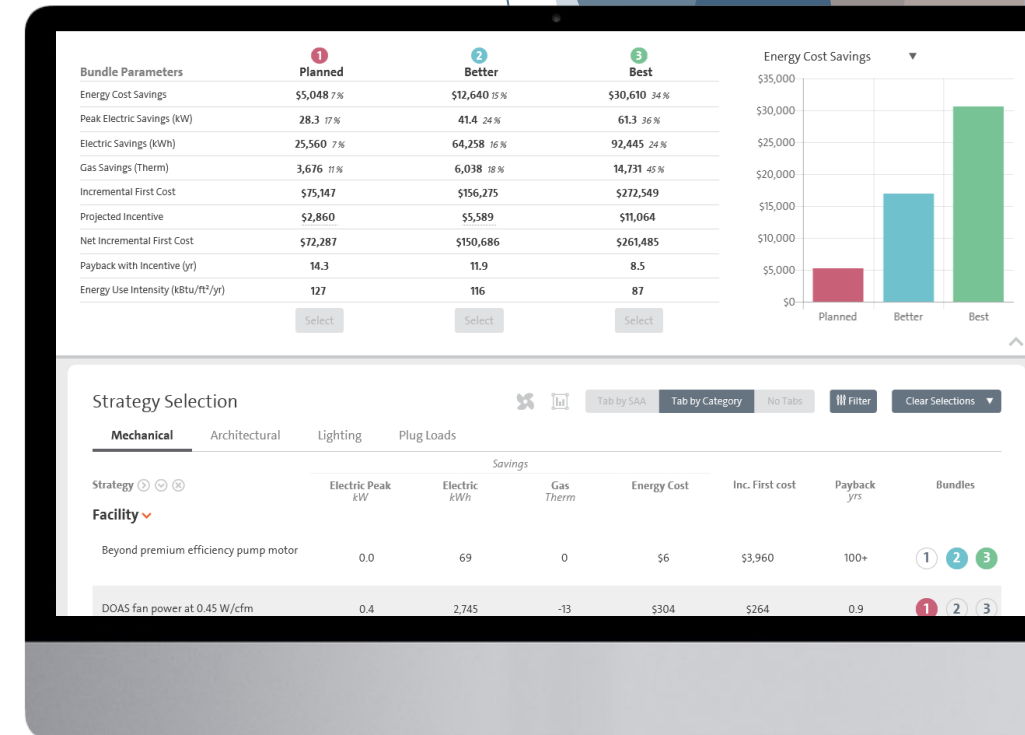




# Case Study #2 - Program Impact

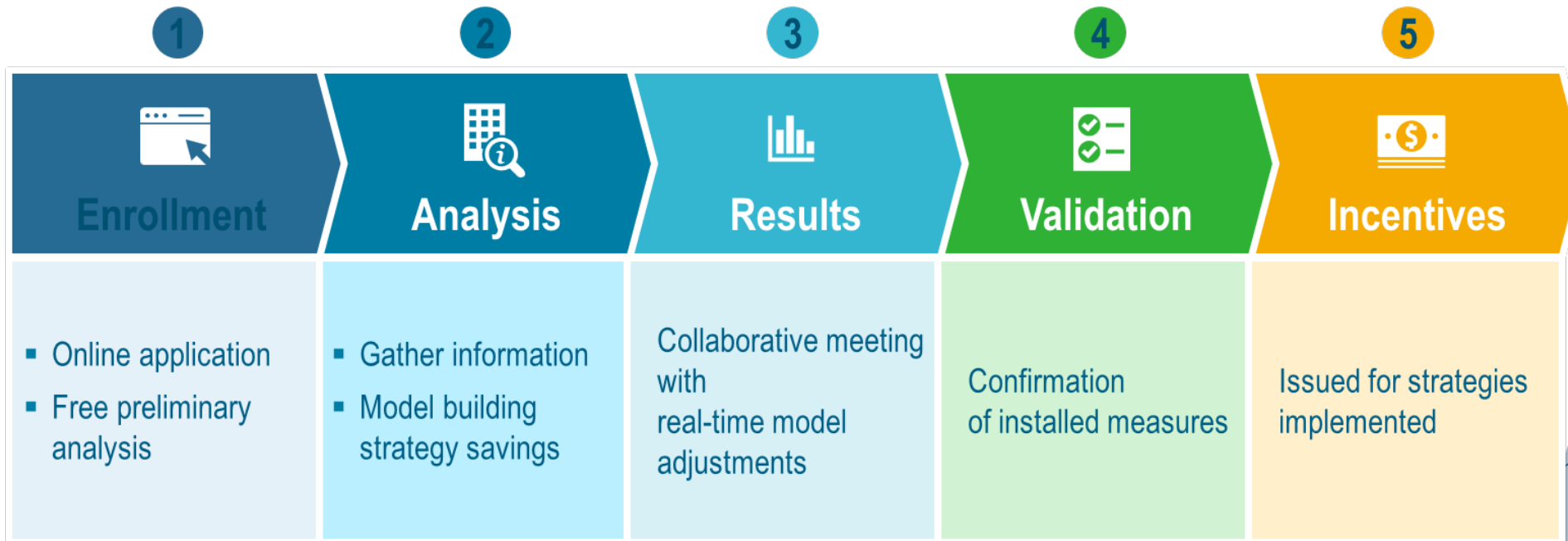
## Benefits of Virtual Energy Analysis to community schools

- ▶ Helped schools create an energy efficiency plan
- ▶ Helped create a phased approach to handle energy efficiency projects



# Summary

- ▶ Virtual Assessments have their place, though they do not completely replace the traditional onsite energy audit
- ▶ There is a learning curve for building owners and facility managers
- ▶ With advances in technology, including VR, analytics, and AI, virtual assessments have the potential to become the primary form of energy audits in the future



Contractor for



[duke-energy.com/virtualaudits](https://duke-energy.com/virtualaudits)

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